

## **WALTON HIGH SCHOOL**

Proud to be part of Walton Multi Academy Trust



# **Suspension and Exclusion Policy**

Reviewed by Governors:	June 2023
To be reviewed:	June 2024
Leadership link person:	Mr A Curtis

Walton Multi Academy Trust refers to all schools within the Trust.
When referring to Trust Boards, this includes Local Governor Boards, and the term 'Governor' includes all Trustees or Local Board Governors.

## **Contents**

1. Statement of intent	
2. Legislation and statutory guidance	
3. The decision to exclude	
4. Preventative Measures	6
5. Definition	7
6. Roles and responsibilities	7
7. Considering the reinstatement of a pupil	8
8. An independent review	g
10. School registers	10
11. Monitoring arrangements	11
12. Links with other policies	11
Appendix 1 - Independent review panel training	
Appendix 2 - Flow chart Reviewing the headteachers suspension or exclusion decision	12

#### 1. Statement of intent

At Walton High School we understand that good behaviour is essential for promoting a high quality education.

Amongst other disciplinary sanctions, the school recognises that suspension and exclusion of pupils may be necessary where there has been a serious breach, or consistent breaches, of the school's Behaviour Policy. Suspending or excluding a pupil may also be required in instances where allowing the pupil to remain in school would be damaging to the education and welfare of themselves or others; in all cases, suspending or excluding pupils should only be used as a means of last resort.

This policy aims to secure a pupil's right to an education despite having been suspended or excluded, by ensuring that appropriate arrangements are in place.

Our school aims to ensure that:

The exclusions process is applied fairly and consistently

The exclusions process is understood by governors, staff, parents and pupils

Pupils in school are safe and happy

Pupils do not become NEET (not in education, employment or training)

A "suspension" is defined as the temporary removal of a pupil from the school for behaviour management purposes. A pupil may be suspended for one or more fixed periods, up to a maximum of 45 school days in a single academic year. A suspension does not have to be for a continuous period.

An "exclusion" is defined as the permanent removal of a pupil from the school, in response to a serious breach or persistent breaches of the school's Behaviour Policy, and where allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupils or staff in the school.

## 2. Legislation and statutory guidance

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation including, but not limited to, the following:

- · Education Act 1996
- Education Act 2002
- · Education and Inspections Act 2006
- · The Education (Provision of Full-Time Education for Excluded Pupils) (England) Regulations 2007
- · Equality Act 2010
- · The School Discipline (Pupil Exclusions and Reviews) (England) Regulations 2012
- The European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR)

This policy is based on statutory guidance from the Department for Education:

DfE (2022) 'Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement'

DfE (2022) 'Behaviour in Schools'

DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years'

DfE (2018) 'Mental health and behaviour in schools'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- · Behaviour Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- · Pupil Code of Conduct
- · Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- · Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy

#### 3. The decision to exclude

Only the headteacher, or acting headteacher, can exclude a pupil from school. A permanent exclusion will be taken as a last resort.

Our school is aware that off-rolling is unlawful. Ofsted defines off-rolling as:

"...the practice of removing a pupil from the school roll without a formal, permanent exclusion or by encouraging a parent to remove their child from the school roll, when the removal is primarily in the interests of the school rather than in the best interests of the pupil."

We are committed to following all statutory suspension and exclusion procedures to ensure that every child receives an education in a safe and caring environment.

The school will only suspend or exclude a pupil where it is absolutely necessary, and where all other possible disciplinary sanctions, as detailed in the school's Behaviour Policy, have failed to be successful.

The following examples of behaviour may warrant the decision to suspend or exclude a pupil:

- · Physical assault against a pupil
- · Physical assault against an adult
- · Verbal abuse or threatening behaviour against a pupil
- · Verbal abuse or threatening behaviour against an adult
- · Use, or threat of use, of an offensive weapon or prohibited item
- Bullying
- · Discriminatory abuse, e.g. racist, homophobic, biphobic, transphobic or ableist abuse

Pupils can be suspended on a fixed-period basis, i.e. for up to 45 school days within a year, or permanently excluded. Similarly, pupils can be permanently excluded following a suspension, where further evidence is presented. In all cases, the headteacher will decide whether a pupil will be subject to a suspension or an exclusion, depending on what the circumstances warrant

Before deciding whether to suspend or exclude a pupil, either permanently or with a suspension, the headteacher will:

- Consider all the relevant facts and evidence, including whether the incident(s) leading to the suspension or exclusion were provoked
- > Allow the pupil to give their version of events
- Consider if the pupil has special educational needs (SEN)

Only the headteacher has the power to suspend or exclude a pupil from the school, and is able to decide whether either a suspension or exclusion is appropriate. All suspensions and exclusions will only be issued on disciplinary grounds.

The headteacher is able to suspend pupils where their behaviour is disruptive during lunchtime. All lunchtime suspensions will be counted as half of a school day. The headteacher

is also able to consider a pupil's disruptive behaviour outside of the school premises as grounds for suspension or exclusion, in accordance with the school's Behaviour Policy.

When sending a pupil home following any suspension or exclusion, the headteacher will ensure that they exercise their duty of care at all times and will always inform the parents.

Any decision made to suspend or exclude a pupil will be lawful, proportionate and fair, with respect to legislation relating directly to suspensions and exclusions and the school's wider legal duties, including the ECHR. At all times, the headteacher will take into account their legal duties under the Equality Act 2010 and the 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years', ensuring that they do not discriminate on any grounds, e.g. race, sex, or disability, and will not increase the severity of a pupil's suspension or exclusion on these grounds.

The headteacher will apply the civil standard of proof when responding to the facts relating to a suspension or exclusion, i.e. that 'on the balance of probabilities' it is more likely than not that the facts are true.

The headteacher may cancel any suspension or exclusion that has already begun; however, this power will only be used if the suspension or exclusion has not already been reviewed by the governing board. Where a suspension or exclusion is cancelled, the headteacher will notify the pupil's parents, the governing board, the LA, and, where relevant, the virtual school head (VSH) and the pupil's social worker. The headteacher will offer the pupil's parents the opportunity to meet with the headteacher to discuss the circumstances that led to the cancellation of the exclusion, and the pupil will be allowed back into school.

The headteacher will report the number of suspensions and exclusions that have been cancelled, alongside the circumstances around and reasons for cancellation, to the governing board once per term, to allow the governing board to have appropriate oversight.

The headteacher will not issue any 'informal' or 'unofficial' suspensions or exclusions, e.g. sending a pupil home to 'cool off', regardless of whether the parents have agreed to this. The headteacher will not use the threat of suspension or exclusion as a means of instructing parents to remove their child from the premises.

All suspensions and exclusions will be formally recorded on the school's pupil information system.

#### 4. Preventative Measures

Before taking a final decision to exclude, the headteacher will consider whether it is in the best interests of all parties to initiate off-site directions or managed moves as preventative measures to exclusion.

#### Off-site direction

The local governing board may use their general powers to arrange for any registered pupil to attend at any place outside the school premises for the purpose of receiving educational provision intended to improve their behaviour.

The governing board and the headteacher will decide, in communication with the pupil and their parents, whether off-site direction is an appropriate solution to manage a pupil's behaviour and avoid suspension or exclusion. Where all parties agree to this course of action, the school will work with the pupil and their parents to discuss and agree a plan for the off-site direction, including a proposed maximum period of time that the pupil will be at the alternative provision and any alternative options that will be considered once the time limit has been reached, e.g. managed moves.

The school will keep any off-site placements under review by holding review meetings with the parents. The Director of Pastoral Care and behaviour of Assistant Headteacher for safeguarding and/or behaviour will decide at each review meeting whether the arrangement will continue and for what period of time; the meeting will also decide arrangements for further reviews. Reviews will be recorded in writing, including any decisions made regarding the placement.

#### Managed moves

Where it is thought to be in a pupil's best interest to transfer them to another mainstream school permanently, the headteacher will discuss this with the parents of the pupil, and the LA if the pupil has an EHC plan – managed moves will only go ahead with the voluntary agreement of all parties involved, including the parents and the admission authority of the new school.

The school will ensure that detailed records are kept of any decision to initiate a managed move, including evidence that appropriate initial intervention has been carried out. The school will participate in information sharing with the pupil's new school, including sending data on prior and current attainment, academic potential and any risk management strategies. The school will also cooperate with the pupil's new school to create an effective integration strategy.

Parents who have concerns that a managed move is being forced on them or who are unhappy with a managed move will be referred to the Complaints Policy and Procedure.

## 5. Definition

For the purposes of suspensions and exclusions, school day is defined as any day on which there is a school session. Therefore, INSET or staff training days do not count as a school day.

## 6. Roles and responsibilities

#### 6.1 The headteacher

#### Informing parents

The headteacher will immediately provide the following information, in writing, to the parents of a suspended or excluded pupil:

The reason(s) for the suspension or exclusion

- > The length of a suspension or, for a permanent exclusion, the fact that it is permanent
- > Information about parents' right to make representations about the exclusion to the governing body and how the pupil may be involved in this

How any representations should be made:

- Where there is a legal requirement for the governing body to meet to consider the reinstatement of a pupil, and that parents have a right to attend a meeting, be represented at a meeting (at their own expense) and to bring a friend
- ➤ The headteacher will also notify parents by the end of the afternoon session on the day their child is suspended that for the first 5 school days of a suspension, or until the start date of any alternative provision where this is earlier, parents are legally required to ensure that their child is not present in a public place during school hours without a good reason. Parents may be given a fixed penalty notice or prosecuted if they fail to do this.
- > If alternative provision is being arranged, the following information will be included when notifying parents of an exclusion:
- > The start date for any provision of full-time education that has been arranged
- > The start and finish times of any such provision, including the times for morning and afternoon sessions, where relevant
- > The address at which the provision will take place
- Any information required by the pupil to identify the person they should report to on the first day
- Where this information on alternative provision is not reasonably ascertainable by the end of the afternoon session, it may be provided in a subsequent notice, but it will be provided no later than 48 hours before the provision is due to start. The only exception to this is where alternative provision is to be provided before the sixth day of a suspension, in which case the information can be provided with less than 48 hours' notice with parents' consent.

## Informing the governing body and local authority

The headteacher will immediately notify the governing body and the local authority (LA) of:

- A permanent exclusion, including when a suspension is followed by a decision to permanently exclude a pupil
- > Suspensions which would result in the pupil being suspended for more than 5 school days (or more than 10 lunchtimes) in a term
- > Suspensions which would result in the pupil missing a public examination
- ➤ For a permanent exclusion, if the pupil lives outside the LA in which the school is located, the headteacher will also immediately inform the pupil's 'home authority' of the suspension and the reason(s) for it without delay.
- For all other suspensions, the headteacher will notify the governing body and LA once a term.
- ➤ For a suspension of more than 5 school days, the headteacher will arrange suitable full-time education for the pupil. This provision will begin no later than the sixth day of the suspension.
- Provision does not have to be arranged for pupils in the final year of compulsory education who do not have any further public examinations to sit.

## 6.2 The governing body

Responsibilities regarding suspensions are delegated to the governing body

The governing body has a duty to consider the reinstatement of a suspended pupil (see section 6).

Within 14 days of receipt of a request, the governing body will provide the secretary of state with information about any suspensions in the last 12 months.

#### 6.3 The LA

For permanent exclusions, the LA is responsible for arranging suitable full-time education to begin no later than the sixth day of the exclusion.

## 6.4 Informing social workers and the virtual school

When a pupil has been suspended or excluded, the headteacher will, without delay, notify the pupil's social worker, if they have one, and the VSH, if they are a looked-after child. This notification will include the period of any suspension and the reasons for suspension or permanent exclusion.

Social workers and/or the VSH will also be informed when a meeting of the governing board is taking place, and will be invited to attend the meeting should they wish to do so.

## 7. Considering the reinstatement of a pupil

The governing body will consider the reinstatement of a suspended pupil within 15 school days of receiving the notice of the suspension if:

- > The suspension becomes a permanent exclusion
- It is a suspension which would bring the pupil's total number of school days of exclusion to more than 15 in a term
- > It would result in a pupil missing a public examination or national curriculum test
- ➤ If requested to do so by parents, the governing body will consider the reinstatement of a suspended pupil within 50 school days of receiving notice of the suspension if the pupil would be suspended from school for more than 5 school days, but less than 15, in a single term.
- Where a suspension would result in a pupil missing a public examination, the governing body will consider the reinstatement of the pupil before the date of the examination. If this is not practicable, the governing body will consider the suspension and decide whether or not to reinstate the pupil.

#### The governing body can either:

- > Decline to reinstate the pupil, or
- Direct the reinstatement of the pupil immediately, or on a particular date
- ➤ In reaching a decision, the governing body will consider whether the suspension was lawful, reasonable and procedurally fair and whether the headteacher followed their legal duties. They will decide whether or not a fact is true 'on the balance of probabilities', which differs from the criminal standard of 'beyond reasonable doubt', as well as any evidence that was presented in relation to the decision to suspend.
- Minutes will be taken of the meeting, and a record of evidence considered kept. The outcome will also be recorded on the pupil's educational record.
- The governing body will notify, in writing, the headteacher, parents and the LA of its decision, along with reasons for its decision, without delay.

Where a suspension becomes a permanent exclusion, the governing body decision will also include the following:

The fact that it is permanent

Notice of parents' right to ask for the decision to be reviewed by an independent review panel, and:

- The date by which an application for an independent review must be made
- > The name and address to whom an application for a review should be submitted
- That any application should set out the grounds on which it is being made and that, where appropriate, reference to how the pupil's SEND is considered to be relevant to the exclusion
- > That, regardless of whether the excluded pupil has recognised SEND, parents have a right to require the academy trust to appoint a SEND expert to attend the review
- Details of the role of the SEND expert and that there would be no cost to parents for this appointment
- That parents must make clear if they wish for an SEND expert to be appointed in any application for a review
- That parents may, at their own expense, appoint someone to make written and/or oral representations to the panel, and parents may also bring a friend to the review

That if parents believe that the exclusion has occurred as a result of discrimination, they may make a claim under the Equality Act 2010 to the first-tier tribunal (special educational needs and disability), in the case of disability discrimination, or the county court, in the case of other forms of discrimination. A claim of discrimination made under these routes should be lodged within 6 months of the date on which the discrimination is alleged to have taken place

## 8. An independent review

If parents apply for an independent review, the academy trust will arrange for an independent panel to review the decision of the governing body not to reinstate a permanently excluded pupil.

- Applications for an independent review must be made within 15 school days of notice being given to the parents by the governing body of its decision to not reinstate a pupil.
- A panel of 3 or 5 members will be constituted with representatives from each of the categories below. Where a 5-member panel is constituted, 2 members will come from the school governors' category and 2 members will come from the headteacher category.
- A lay member to chair the panel who has not worked in any school in a paid capacity, disregarding any experience as a school governor or volunteer
- School governors who have served as a governor for at least 12 consecutive months in the last 5 years, provided they have not been teachers or headteachers during this time
- > Headteachers or individuals who have been a headteacher within the last 5 years

A person may not serve as a member of a review panel if they:

- > Are a member of the academy trust, or governing body of the excluding school
- Are the headteacher of the excluding school, or have held this position in the last 5 years
- Are an employee of the academy trust, or the governing body, of the excluding school (unless they are employed as a headteacher at another school)

- ➤ Have, or at any time have had, any connection with the academy trust, school, governing body, parents or pupil, or the incident leading to the exclusion, which might reasonably be taken to raise doubts about their impartiality
- ➤ Have not had the required training within the last 2 years (see appendix 1 for what training must cover)
- > A clerk will be appointed to the panel.
- > The independent panel will decide one of the following:
- Uphold the governing body's decision
- Recommend that the governing body reconsiders reinstatement
- Quash the governing body's decision and direct that they reconsider reinstatement (only when the decision is judged to be flawed)
- > The panel's decision can be decided by a majority vote. In the case of a tied decision, the chair has the casting vote.

## 9. School registers

A pupil's name will be removed from the school admissions register if:

- ➤ 15 school days have passed since the parents were notified of the exclusion panel's decision to not reinstate the pupil and no application has been made for an independent review panel, or
- > The parents have stated in writing that they will not be applying for an independent review panel
- Where an application for an independent review has been made, the governing body will wait until that review has concluded before removing a pupil's name from the register.
- Where alternative provision has been made for an excluded pupil and they attend it, code B (education off-site) or code D (dual registration) will be used on the attendance register.
- > Where excluded pupils are not attending alternative provision, code E (absent) will be used.

## 10. Returning from a suspension

Following a suspension, a re-integration meeting will be held involving the pupil, parents, a member of senior staff and other staff, where appropriate.

The following measures may be implemented when a pupil returns from a suspension:

- Discussing behaviour expectations
- Putting a pupil 'on report'
- Any Support and Monitoring required

## 11. Monitoring arrangements

The Director of Pastoral Care & Behaviour liaises with the Assistant Headteacher for Safeguarding and Behaviour monitors the number of suspensions every term and reports back to the governors. They also liaise with the local authority to ensure suitable full-time education for suspended pupils.

This policy will be reviewed by the Assistant Headteacher for Safeguarding and Behaviour every 3 years. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing body.

## 12. Links with other policies

This exclusions policy is linked to our

- Behaviour policy
- > SEND policy and information report
- Safeguarding and Child Protection policy

## Appendix 1: Independent review panel training

The academy trust must ensure that all members of an independent review panel and clerks have received training within the 2 years prior to the date of the review.

Training must have covered:

The requirements of the primary legislation, regulations and statutory guidance governing exclusions, which would include an understanding of how the principles applicable in an application for judicial review relate to the panel's decision making

The need for the panel to observe procedural fairness and the rules of natural justice

The role of the chair and the clerk of a review panel

The duties of headteachers, governing body's and the panel under the Equality Act 2010

The effect of section 6 of the Human Rights Act 1998 (acts of public authorities unlawful if not compatible with certain human rights) and the need to act in a manner compatible with human rights protected by that Act

# Flowchart for reviewing the headteacher's suspension or exclusion decision

